FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Barclays Bank PLC London, England

Order Approving Notice to Engage in Activities Complementary to a Financial Activity

Barclays Bank PLC ("Barclays"), a foreign bank that is treated as a financial holding company ("FHC") for purposes of the Bank Holding Company Act ("BHC Act"), has requested the Board's approval under section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. § 1843) and the Board's Regulation Y (12 C.F.R. Part 225) to engage in physical commodity trading in the United States. Barclays currently conducts physical commodity trading outside the United States.

Regulation Y authorizes bank holding companies ("BHCs") to engage as principal in derivative contracts based on financial and nonfinancial assets ("Commodity Derivatives"). Under Regulation Y, a BHC may conduct Commodity Derivatives activities subject to certain restrictions that are designed to limit the BHC's activity to trading and investing in financial instruments rather than dealing directly in physical nonfinancial commodities. Under these restrictions, a BHC generally is not allowed to take or make delivery of nonfinancial commodities underlying Commodity Derivatives. In addition, BHCs generally are not permitted to purchase or sell nonfinancial commodities in the spot market.

The BHC Act, as amended by the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act ("GLB Act"), permits a BHC to engage in activities that the Board had determined were

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¹ Commodity Derivatives permissible for BHCs under Regulation Y are hereinafter referred to as "BHC-permissible Commodity Derivatives."

closely related to banking, by regulation or order, prior to November 12, 1999.² The BHC Act permits an FHC to engage in a broad range of activities that are defined in the statute to be financial in nature.³ Moreover, the BHC Act allows FHCs to engage in any activity that the Board determines, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, to be financial in nature or incidental to a financial activity.⁴

In addition, the BHC Act permits FHCs to engage in any activity that the Board (in its sole discretion) determines is complementary to a financial activity and does not pose a substantial risk to the safety or soundness of depository institutions or the financial system generally.⁵ This authority is intended to allow the Board to permit FHCs to engage on a limited basis in an activity that appears to be commercial rather than financial in nature, but that is meaningfully connected to a financial activity such that it complements the financial activity.⁶ The BHC Act provides that any FHC seeking to engage in a

² 12 U.S.C. § 1843(c)(8).

³ The Board determined by regulation before November 12, 1999, that engaging as principal in Commodity Derivatives, subject to certain restrictions, was closely related to banking. Accordingly, engaging as principal in BHC-permissible Commodity Derivatives is a financial activity for purposes of the BHC Act. See 12 U.S.C. § 1843(k)(4)(F).

⁴ 12 U.S.C. § 1843(k)(1)(A).

⁵ 12 U.S.C. § 1843(k)(1)(B).

⁶ <u>See</u> 145 Cong. Rec. H11529 (daily ed. Nov. 4, 1999) (Statement of Chairman Leach) ("It is expected that complementary activities would not be significant relative to the overall financial activities of the organization.").

complementary activity must obtain the Board's prior approval under section 4(j) of the BHC Act.⁷

Barclays regularly engages as principal in BHC-permissible

Commodity Derivatives based on a variety of commodities, including natural gas and electricity. Barclays has requested that the Board permit it to purchase and sell these and other physical commodities in the spot market and take and make delivery of physical commodities to settle Commodity Derivatives ("Commodity Trading Activities"). The Board previously has determined that Commodity Trading Activities involving a particular commodity complement the financial activity of engaging regularly as principal in BHC-permissible Commodity Derivatives based on that commodity. In light of the foregoing and all other facts of record, the Board believes that Commodity Trading Activities are complementary to the Commodity Derivatives activities of Barclays.

To authorize Barclays to engage in Commodity Trading Activities as a complementary activity under the GLB Act, the Board also must determine that the activities do not pose a substantial risk to the safety or soundness of depository institutions or the U.S. financial system generally. In addition, the Board must determine that the performance of Commodity Trading Activities by Barclays "can reasonably be expected to produce benefits to the public, such as greater convenience, increased competition, or gains in efficiency, that outweigh possible

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⁷ 12 U.S.C. § 1843(j).

⁸ See Citigroup Inc., 89 Federal Reserve Bulletin 508 (2003); <u>UBS AG</u>, 90 Federal Reserve Bulletin 215 (2004). For example, Commodity Trading Activities involving all types of crude oil would be complementary to engaging regularly as principal in BHC-permissible Commodity Derivatives based on Brent crude oil.

⁹ 12 U.S.C. § 1843(k)(1)(B).

adverse effects, such as undue concentration of resources, decreased or unfair competition, conflicts of interests, or unsound banking practices." ¹⁰

Approval of the proposal likely would benefit Barclays' customers by enhancing the ability of the bank to provide efficiently a full range of commodity-related services. Approving Commodity Trading Activities for Barclays also would enable the company to improve its understanding of physical commodity and commodity derivatives markets and its ability to serve as an effective competitor in physical commodity and commodity derivatives markets.

Barclays has established and maintains policies for monitoring, measuring, and controlling the credit, market, settlement, reputational, legal, and operational risks involved in its Commodity Trading Activities. These policies address key areas, such as counterparty credit risk, value-at-risk methodology and internal limits with respect to commodity trading, new business and new product approvals, and identification of transactions that require higher levels of internal approval. The policies also describe critical internal control elements, such as reporting lines, and the frequency and scope of internal audit of Commodity Trading Activities. Barclays has integrated the risk management of Commodity Trading Activities into the bank's overall risk management framework. Based on the above and all the facts of record, the Board believes that Barclays has the managerial expertise and internal control framework to manage adequately the risks of taking and making delivery of physical commodities as proposed.

To limit the potential safety and soundness risks of Commodity

Trading Activities, as a condition of this order, the market value of commodities
held by Barclays as a result of Commodity Trading Activities must not exceed

5 percent of Barclays' consolidated tier 1 capital (as calculated under its home

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¹⁰ 12 U.S.C. § 1843(j)(2)(A).

country standard).¹¹ Barclays also must notify the Federal Reserve Bank of New York if the market value of commodities held by Barclays as a result of its Commodity Trading Activities exceeds 4 percent of its tier 1 capital.

In addition, Barclays may take and make delivery only of physical commodities for which derivative contracts have been authorized for trading on a U.S. futures exchange by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") (unless specifically excluded by the Board) or that have been specifically approved by the Board. This requirement is designed to prevent Barclays from becoming involved in dealing in finished goods and other items, such as real estate, that lack the fungibility and liquidity of exchange-traded commodities.

To minimize the exposure of Barclays to additional risks, including storage risk, transportation risk, and legal and environmental risks, Barclays would not be authorized to (i) own, operate, or invest in facilities for the extraction, transportation, storage, or distribution of commodities; or (ii) process, refine, or otherwise alter commodities. In conducting its Commodity Trading Activities,

¹¹ Barclays would be required to include in this 5 percent limit the market value of any commodities held by Barclays as a result of a failure of its reasonable efforts to avoid taking delivery under section 225.28(b)(8)(ii)(B) of Regulation Y.

The CFTC publishes annually a list of the CFTC-authorized commodity contracts. See Commodity Futures Trading Commission, FY 2003 Annual Report to Congress 109. With respect to granularity, the Board intends this requirement to permit Commodity Trading Activities involving all types of a listed commodity. For example, Commodity Trading Activities involving any type of coal or coal derivative contract would be permitted, even though the CFTC has authorized only Central Appalachian coal.

The particular commodity derivative contract that Barclays takes to physical settlement need not be exchange-traded, but (in the absence of specific Board approval) futures or options on futures on the commodity underlying the derivative contract must have been authorized for exchange trading by the CFTC.

Barclays will be expected to use appropriate storage and transportation facilities owned and operated by third parties.¹³

Barclays and its Commodity Trading Activities also remain subject to the general securities, commodities, and energy laws and the rules and regulations (including the anti-fraud and anti-manipulation rules and regulations) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the CFTC, and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

Permitting Barclays to engage in the limited amount and types of Commodity Trading Activities described above, on the terms described in this order, would not appear to pose a substantial risk to Barclays, depository institutions, or the U.S. financial system generally. Through its existing authority to engage in Commodity Derivatives, Barclays already may incur the price risk associated with commodities. Permitting Barclays to buy and sell commodities in the spot market or physically settle Commodity Derivatives would not appear to increase significantly the organization's potential exposure to commodity price risk.

For these reasons, and based on Barclays' policies and procedures for monitoring and controlling the risks of Commodity Trading Activities, the Board concludes that consummation of the proposal does not pose a substantial risk to the safety and soundness of depository institutions or the financial system generally and can reasonably be expected to produce benefits to the public that outweigh any potential adverse effects.

¹³ Approving Commodity Trading Activities as a complementary activity, subject to limits and conditions, would not in any way restrict the existing authority of

Barclays to deal in foreign exchange, precious metals, or any other bank-eligible

commodity.

Based on all the facts of record, including the representations and commitments made to the Board by Barclays in connection with the notice, and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this order, the Board has determined that the notice should be, and hereby is, approved. The Board's determination is subject to all the conditions set forth in Regulation Y, including those in section 225.7 (12 C.F.R. 225.7), and to the Board's authority to require modification or termination of the activities of a BHC or any of its subsidiaries as the Board finds necessary to ensure compliance with, or to prevent evasion of, the provisions and purposes of the BHC Act and the Board's regulations and orders issued thereunder. The Board's decision is specifically conditioned on compliance with all the commitments made to the Board in connection with the notice, including the commitments and conditions discussed in this order. The commitments and conditions relied on in reaching this decision shall be deemed to be conditions imposed in writing by the Board in connection with its findings and decision and, as such, may be enforced in proceedings under applicable law.

By order of the Board of Governors, ¹⁴ effective July 22, 2004.

Robert deV. Frierson
Deputy Secretary of the Board

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¹⁴ Voting for this action: Chairman Greenspan, Vice Chairman Ferguson, and Governors Bies, Olson, Bernanke, and Kohn. Absent and not voting: Governor Gramlich.